CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

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- 2 a plurality of wavelength division multiplexing access nodes of an optical
- 3 network employing a source based scheme to establish communication
- 4 paths, each of said plurality of access nodes storing a set of one or more
- 5 network topology databases based on a set of one or more connectivity
- 6 constraints.
- 1 2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said communication paths include lightpaths.
- 1 3. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said communication paths include one or
- 2 more of optical circuits, lightpaths, and end-to-end unidirectional paths.
- 1 4. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the set of one or more network topology
- 2 databases in each of said plurality of access nodes stores a conversion free topology for
- 3 that access node.
- 1 5. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said plurality of access nodes to establish
- 2 communication paths in real time.
- 1 6. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the set of one or more connectivity
- 2 constraints includes quality of service (QoS) based criteria that divides said optical
- 3 network into separate service levels, and the set of one or more network topology
- 4 databases in each of said plurality of access nodes stores a conversion free service level
- 5 topology for that access node for each of the service levels.
- 1 7. The apparatus of claim 6, wherein the set of network topology databases in each
- 2 of said plurality of access nodes includes a separate network topology database for each
- 3 of the conversion free service level topologies for that access node.
- 1 8. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the set of network topology databases in each
- 2 of said plurality of access nodes is built and maintained by that access node.

| 1 | 9. | The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising: |
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| 2 | | a centralized network management server communicatively coupled to each of |
| 3 | | the plurality of access nodes to build and maintain the set of network |
| 4 | | topology databases in each of said plurality of access nodes. |
| 1 | 10. | An apparatus comprising: |
| 2 | | a wavelength division multiplexing optical network including a plurality of |
| 3 | | access nodes each including, |
| 4 | | for each link connected to the access node, a link channel set |
| 5 | | representing at least certain wavelengths on that link available |
| 6 | | for establishing a lightpath, wherein a lightpath is a wavelength |
| 7 | | and a path, wherein the path of a given lightpath is a series of |
| 8 | | two or more nodes and links interconnecting them through which |
| 9 | | traffic is carried by the wavelength of that lightpath, wherein said |
| 10 | | series of nodes respectively starts and ends with a source node |
| 11 | | and a destination node, and |
| 12 | | a database representing conversion free connectivity from the access |
| 13 | | node to others of said access nodes using the wavelengths in said |
| 14 | | link channel sets, wherein said conversion free connectivity |
| 15 | | includes the paths and wavelengths of possible lighpaths having |
| 16 | | the access node as the source node and others of the access nodes |
| 17 | | as the destination node. |
| 1 | 11. | The apparatus of claim 10, wherein each of said plurality of access nodes also |
| 2 | includ | les an allocate module to, responsive to requests for communication paths |
| 3 | receiv | red by that access node, select and allocate in real time lightpaths having that |
| 4 | acces | s node as the source node. |

optical network qualify for different ones of said plurality of service levels, said

The apparatus of claim 10, wherein the optical network is divided into a

plurality of service levels, wherein different wavelengths on at least certain links of said

5 only one of said service levels.

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- 1 13. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein each of said plurality of access nodes also
- 2 includes, for each of the others of said plurality of said service levels, another database
- 3 representing conversion free connectivity from the access node to others of said access
- 4 nodes using wavelengths that qualify for that service level.
- 1 14. The apparatus of claim 10, wherein the database in each of said plurality of
- 2 access nodes is built and maintained by that access node.
- 1 15. The apparatus of claim 10, further comprising:
- 2 a centralized network management server communicatively coupled to each of
- 3 the plurality of access nodes to build and maintain the database in each
- 4 of said plurality of access nodes.
- 1 16. A method comprising:
- 2 each of a plurality of access nodes of a wave length division multiplexing
- 3 optical network, tracking wavelengths for each link of the wave length
- 4 division multiplexing optical network connected to that access node;
- 5 each of said plurality of access nodes, maintaining a topology based on
- 6 conversion free connectivity to others of said plurality of said access
- 7 nodes; and
- 8 responsive to a request for a communication path received by any one of said
- 9 plurality of access nodes, that access node,
- selecting both a path through a set of one or more links of said optical
- 11 network and a single wavelength available on everyone of said
- 12 set of links based on said topology maintained in that access
- node, and
- 14 causing allocation of said selected path and wavelength.
- 1 17. The method of claim 16, wherein said communication path is a lightpath.
- 1 18. The method of claim 16, wherein said communication path is an optical circuit.
- 1 19. The method of claim 16, wherein said selecting and said allocation is performed
- 2 in real time.

- 1 20. The method of claim 16, wherein the topology maintained by each of said
- 2 plurality of access nodes is also based on connectivity at one of a plurality of service
- 3 levels, wherein different wavelengths on at least certain links of said optical network
- 4 qualify for different ones of said plurality of service levels.
- 1 21. The method of claim 16, wherein said tracking includes operating a link
- 2 management protocol in each of said plurality of access nodes.
- 1 22. The method of claim 16, wherein said maintaining includes each of said
- 2 plurality of access nodes communicating with others of said plurality of access nodes.
- 1 23. The method of claim 16, wherein said maintaining includes each of said
- 2 plurality of access nodes communicating with a centralized network management
- 3 server.
- 1 24. The method of claim 16, wherein the topology for each of said plurality of
- 2 access nodes includes the available wavelengths and the status as either allocated or
- 3 unallocated.

- 25. An apparatus comprising:
- an access node, to be coupled in a wavelength division multiplexing optical
- 3 network, including,
- 4 a link state database to store, for each link connected to said access
- 5 node, a link state structure to store a port of the access node to
- 6 which that link is connected and available wavelengths on that
- 7 link,
- 8 a database to store a representation of available paths from the access
- 9 node to others of said access nodes using the wavelengths in said
- link state database, wherein a path is a series of two or more
- 11 nodes connected by links on which a common set of one or more
- wavelengths is available for establishing one or more lightpaths,
- 13 and
- a module to, responsive to requests for communication paths received by
- said access node, select from unallocated ones of said available

| 16 | | paths and the common set of wavelengths thereon a selected path |
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| 17 | | and wavelength. |
| 1 | 26. | The apparatus of claim 25, wherein said module to perform said selection and |
| 2 | cause | allocation of said selected path and wavelength in real time. |
| 1 . | 27. | The apparatus of claim 25, wherein the optical network is divided into a |
| 2 | plural | ity of service levels, wherein different wavelengths on at least certain links of said |
| 3 | optica | al network qualify for different ones of said plurality of service levels, said |
| 4 | datab | ase to store a conversion free service level topology structure for each of said |
| 5 | plural | lity of service levels. |
| 1 | 28. | The apparatus of claim 25, wherein said access node includes additional |
| 2 | modu | les to build and maintain said database in said access node. |
| 1 | 29. | The apparatus of claim 25, further comprising: |
| 2 | | a centralized network management server communicatively coupled to said |
| 3 | | access node to build and maintain the database. |
| 1 | 30. | The apparatus of claim 25, wherein said access node includes a link |
| 2 | mana | gement protocol to populate said link state database. |
| 1 | 31. | A method comprising: |
| 2 | | receiving, at an access node of an wave division multiplexing optical network, |
| 3 | | demand criteria representing a request for a communication path; |
| 4 | | selecting a path and a wavelength on said path using a database that is stored in |
| 5 | | said access node and that stores a representation of available paths from |
| 6 | | the access node to others of said access nodes in said optical network, |
| 7 | | wherein each path is a series of two or more nodes connected by links on |
| 8 | | which a common set of one or more wavelengths is available for |
| 9 | | establishing one or more lightpaths; and |
| 10 | | said access node communicating with those of the access nodes on the selected |
| 11 | | nath to cause allocation of the selected wavelength on the selected nath |

32. The method of claim 31, wherein said communication path is a lightpath.

- 1 33. The method of claim 31, wherein said communication path is an optical circuit.
- 1 34. The method of claim 31, wherein said selecting and said allocation is performed
- 2 in real time.
- 1 35. The method of claim 31, wherein the optical network is divided into a plurality
- 2 of service levels, wherein different wavelengths on at least certain links of said optical
- 3 network qualify for different ones of said plurality of service levels, said database to
- 4 store a conversion free service level topology structure for each of said plurality of
- 5 service levels.
- 1 36. The method of claim 31, wherein the database includes the available
- 2 wavelengths and the status as either allocated or unallocated.
- 1 37. A machine-readable medium that provides instructions that, if executed by a
- 2 processor, will cause said processor to perform operations comprising:
- 3 responsive to receiving, at an access node of an wave division multiplexing
- 4 optical network, demand criteria representing a request for a
- 5 communication path, selecting a path and a wavelength on said path
- 6 using a database that is stored in said access node and that stores a
- 7 representation of available paths from the access node to others of said
- 8 access nodes in said optical network, wherein each path is a series of
- 9 two or more nodes connected by links on which a common set of one or
- more wavelengths is available for establishing one or more lightpaths;
- 11 and
- 12 causing said access node communicating with those of the access nodes on the
- 13 selected path to cause allocation of the selected wavelength on the
- selected path.
 - 38. The machine-readable medium of claim 37, wherein said communication path is
- 2 a lightpath.

- 1 39. The machine-readable medium of claim 37, wherein said communication path is
- 2 an optical circuit.

- 1 40. The machine-readable medium of claim 37, wherein said selecting and said
- 2 allocation is performed in real time.
- 1 41. The machine-readable medium of claim 37, wherein the optical network is
- 2 divided into a plurality of service levels, wherein different wavelengths on at least
- 3 certain links of said optical network qualify for different ones of said plurality of
- 4 service levels, said database to store a conversion free service level topology structure
- 5 for each of said plurality of service levels.
- 1 42. The machine-readable medium of claim 37, wherein the database includes the
- 2 available wavelengths and the status as either allocated or unallocated.